

How to release: Branching

1.1. Create a branch, if you are releasing a major version

This is done only once per major version (4.x, 5.x, 6.x, etc.) about 4-6 weeks before the planned official release of x.0. For minor versions, the work is done in current branch.

Since the branching of 22.x we use Git for the branching process, so there's no need for a branching script. Instead, **From a trunk/master checkout**

1. Create a new branch (in your IDE or using git in command line).
2. Push that new branch.

After that, you need to change a few details in `lib/setup/twversion.class.php`, in the New Branch:

In the new branch, e.g. 22.x, change `$this->branch` to 'stable'. If already chosen, change `$this->star` from 'TBA' to the new star name

```
// Set the development branch. Valid are: // stable : Represents stable releases. // unstable : Represents candidate and test/development releases. // trunk : Represents next generation development version.
$this->branch = 'stable'; (...) $this->star = 'Corona Borealis'; // 'TBA' if not chosen
```

Commit the above changes with a message such as "[REL] New stable branch `$this->branch` and Star Name"

Then merge it to Trunk/Master with commit message such as "[REL] Merge branch '22.x' into master"

Put Trunk/Master back as "Trunk"

```
- $this->branch = 'stable'; + $this->branch = 'trunk'; (...) // Set everything else, including defaults. -
$this->version = '22.0vcs'; // needs to have no spaces for releases + $this->version = '23.0vcs'; //
needs to have no spaces for releases
```

Commit the above changes with a message such as "[REL] Put master back to being "trunk" and update version string"

More details on how to create a branch: [SVNTips#Handling_branches](#)

1.1.1. Post-branching operations

1.1.1.1. Make sure the star name picking process is almost over

This star name is needed for the alpha because it is in the path:

<https://sourceforge.net/projects/tikiwiki/files/> [↗](#)

1.1.1.2. Update `$profilesLink`

Make sure that in *both* the new branch *and* Master/Trunk `$profilesLink` points to the newly-created branch

- In `lib/setup/wiki.php`, update `$profilesLink` to the new branch

1.1.1.3. Update the list of LTS

This depends on if the new branch is an LTS or not.

If the new branch is an LTS, checkout the newly created branch and open

lib/core/Tiki/Version/Upgrade.php, then look for the line with the comment "Keep list of LTS up to date ..." and add the new branch number in the array containing the list of LTS.

Also take care to remove branches that are no longer supported(EoL) if they exist in that array.

This allows to display an appropriate message in the control panel to sites admins about version upgrade.

1.1.1.4. Update requirements

- [Requirements](#)
- https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-manager/-/blob/master/config/tiki_requirements.yml [↗](#)
- <https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki/-/blob/master/tiki-check.php> [↗](#)


1.1.1.5. Update profiles.t.o site

- Create a new category for the new branch
- Add the category of the new branch to the wiki pages holding the profiles listed in the [Profiles Wizard](#), unless you know that they shouldn't work with the new tiki branch for some reason (deprecated features involved, etc)
 - you can have a look at: [Tiki Profiles Tester](#)
- Add a new section to [Profiles_in_Wizard](#) page so that profiles categorized with the previously created category are dynamically listed in place below the new branch name
- Contact the [Profiles Team](#) to report if any profile needs an update for some reason, or if you want to contribute a new profile for the new branch.

1.1.1.6. Update Tiki Profiles Tester

- Check whether the new branch is listed in <https://tikiwiki.gitlab.io/ci-helpers/tiki-profiles-tester/> [↗](#)
- If not, update as per [Tiki Profiles Tester](#)

1.1.1.7. dev.tiki.org

- Create the new branch page (if not there yet), i.e.: [Tiki26](#)
 - Move the current alias from the old branch to the new created one (I'm not sure what that means? )
- Categories relevant to the Tiki Version field in the Bugs & Wish list tracker:
 - Under category **Tiki version**, Add a new category, e.g. **27.x (future, currently trunk)**
 - Rename the the previous trunk version as such: **26.x (future, currently trunk)** to **26.x**
 - Categorize all items **26.x** also with the new category **27.x (future, currently trunk)**
- Update [Daily Build](#) (You need to ask Oliver Hertel to add new versions)
- Update [Get code](#)
- Update [Where to Commit](#)

1.1.2. packages.tiki.org

See: [packages-tiki-org](#)

Note: The assets (img and css) supports up to 8 versions (trunk, 24.x, etc.).

Update versions list (not appending more versions), example change to "trunk, 20.x and 18.x":

- Checkout the repository `git@gitlab.com:tikiwiki/tiki-packages-build.git`
- In `.gitlab-ci.yml` update the VERSIONS variable to `VERSIONS: "trunk 20.x 18.x"`
- Commit to git master branch and wait for the build to complete.

Update to add a new version, example change to include 20.x version, "trunk 20.x 19.x 18.x"

- Checkout the repository `git@gitlab.com:tikiwiki/tiki-packages-build.git`
- In `.gitlab-ci.yml` update the VERSIONS variable to `VERSIONS: "trunk 20.x 19.x 18.x"`
- Commit to git master branch and wait for the build to complete.


Tiki Packages in GitLab: <https://gitlab.com/tikiwiki/tiki-packages-build> 

Tiki Packages website: <https://packages.tiki.org> 

1.1.3. show.tiki.org

First on the server:

- On the show server checkout the new branch into `usr/local/src/tiki`
- On the show server add the branch to `/usr/local/sbin/tim-common` `BRANCHES="trunk 12.x 13.x"`
- Refresh the instances by calling right away the cron: `/usr/local/sbin/tim-cron`
- Once dev.tiki.org updates, it should then work.




Then on the ShowTikiOrg tracker field options: 

- Go to the [tracker field admin](#) (as a tracker administrator)
- Add the new branch in the "Supported Versions" option
- Clear the caches

1.1.3.1. demo.tiki.org

- Ask Jean-Marc to create a site for new version

1.1.3.2. Pre-dogfood servers

- Each [Pre-Dogfood Server](#) should be moved from trunk to the next branch and each site should go through at least 30 minutes of manual testing of the most common operations.
Ex.: on <http://nextdev.tiki.org> , someone should try to report a bug, or on <http://nextdoc.tiki.org>  try and add a new page to a structure (even though it all will be overwritten the next day).
 - the instances need to svn switch and refreshed immediately, e.g.
+svn switch <https://svn.code.sf.net/p/tikiwiki/code/branches/13.x>  .
+bash setup.sh -n fix
+php console.php database:update
 - `/usr/local/bin/refresh-nxt.sh` needs to be updated so the next cron switches to the right branch
 - A couple of days before the release the cronjob to do a full upgrade including DB-sync from live sites must be disabled so that designers and gardeners can test/learn/prepare for the upgrade of the live community sites.
 - After release the `/usr/local/bin/refresh-nxt.sh` needs to be changed to trunk again and the full upgrade cron job reenabled.

1.1.3.3. Dogfood release policy

See [dogfood](#) for general background info on this policy. The general principle is that most of *.tiki.org sites should be running supported versions **before** they are released while others will keep running with previous version (LTS).

Goals:

- Reduce the number of issues and collective time spent on these. Issues can be bugs, data corruption, upgrade bugs (that you don't see in a fresh install), etc. in released versions.
- There is also a promotional goal for this policy as it reassures users that releases have sufficient testing, and it differentiates us from extension-based systems, where the official sites are upgraded to the latest versions a long time after dot zero.
- Improve the quality / reliability of .0 releases so we can eventually be in a position to [shorten the release cycle](#). Historically, .0 releases have been shaky and too many people were waiting for .1 and that delays everything.
- Keeping some website running old LTS version is useful in case we need to produce and test security patch or any other correction necessary.

The various *.tiki.org sites collectively have a lot of users & data and cover quite a few features. Power users of these sites are usually quite familiar and can spot a bug or regression (something that stopped working) and report it efficiently.

Some sites are kept at the *latest stable* version (ex.: doc.tiki.org), while others are kept on the [Long Term Support](#) (LTS) versions (ex.: profiles.tiki.org). The list is maintained at [Domains](#).

All sites are generally updated daily with minor revisions in each branch. So if a site is running 9.x LTS, it has the latest pre-released 9.x code. Exception: some legacy sites are kept for historical purposes in old unsupported versions, normally in read-only mode.

When a new major version is coming out, each of the sites identified as *latest stable* are progressively updated to the new version.

Start with the less critical one (ex.: themes.tiki.org)

1. Do a thorough check on the [Pre-Dogfood Server](#) version (each site should go through at least 30 minutes of manual testing of the most common operations. Ex.: on dev.tiki.org, someone should try to report a bug.)
 - The pre-dogfood servers generally run trunk, but during the pre-upgrade period, they should be switched to the branch
2. Fix all the bugs and check they are indeed fixed there
3. Proceed to upgrade (svn switch)
 - Keep previous version available as a snapshot so users can compare and efficiently report any upgrade issues (ex.: legacydev11.tiki.org)
4. Give a few days to get feedback for newly uncovered issues
5. And start over the cycle for each sites.

This whole process typically takes 3-5 weeks because of discovery of new issues and the understandable delay to resolve them. Because of this incompressible time factor, it is important to start the dogfood process as soon as possible in the release process (as soon as all bugs are resolved on the pre-dogfood server)

Finding & fixing an issue while in [pre-dogfood](#) avoids wasted time and corrupted data on the real sites. Trying to save time by rushing a release just creates more work down the line.

Related

- [How to release](#)